Engine Electrical System

General Information

SPECIFICATION STARTING SYSTEM

	Iter	ns	Specification
		Rated voltage	12 V, 1.7 kW
	No	o. of pinion teeth	8
Starter		Voltage	11 V
	No-load characteristic-	Ampere	90A, MAX
	J	Speed	2,600 rpm, MIN

CHARGING SYSTEM

I	Items	Specification
	Rate voltage	12 V, 120A
	Speed in use	1,000 ~ 18,000 rpm
Alternator	Voltage regulator	IC Regulator built-in type
	Regulator setting voltage	14.55 ± 0.2 V(20°C)
	Temperature compensation	-7 ± 3 mV / °C
H	Туре	CMF 68L
انه (مسئولBätter محدود)	Cold cranking amperage [at -18°C(-0.4° F)]	600 A
	Reserve capacity	110 min
رکاران خودرو در ایران	Specific gravity [at 20°C(68°F)]	1.280 ± 0.01

- COLD CRANKING AMPERAGE is the amperage a battery can deliver for 30 seconds and maintain a terminal voltage of 7.2V or greater at a specified temperature.
- RESERVE CAPACITY RATING is amount of time a battery can deliver 25A and maintain a minimum terminal voltage of 10.5V at 26.7°C(80.1°F).





SXMEE9103L

WWW.DIGITALKHODRO.COM

General Information

TROUBLESHOOTING

STARTING SYSTEM

Suspect area	Remedy
Battery charge low Battery cables loose, corroded or worn out Transaxle range switch (Vehicle with aut- omatic transaxle only) Fuse blown Starter motor faulty Ignition switch faulty	Charge or replace battery Repair or replace cables Refer to TR group-automatic transaxle Replace fuse Replace Replace
Battery charge low Battery cables loose, corroded or worn out Starter motor faulty	Charge or replace battery Repair or replace cables Replace
Starter motor Ignition switch	Replace Replace
Short in wiring Pinion gear teeth broken or starter motor Ring gear teeth broken	Repair wiring Replace Replace fly wheel or torque converter
	Battery charge low Battery cables loose, corroded or worn out Transaxle range switch (Vehicle with aut- omatic transaxle only) Fuse blown Starter motor faulty Ignition switch faulty Battery charge low Battery cables loose, corroded or worn out Starter motor faulty Starter motor faulty Starter motor Ignition switch Short in wiring Pinion gear teeth broken or starter motor Ring gear teeth broken

CHARGING SYSTEM

CHARGING SYSTEM		
Symptom	Suspect area 🔍 🔍	Remedy
Charging warning indicator does not light with ignition s- witch "ON" and engine off.	Fuse blown Light burned out Wiring connection loose Electronic voltage regulator	Check fuses Replace light Tighten loose connection Replace voltage regulator
Charging warning indicator does not go out with engine running. (Battery requires fr- equent recharging)	Drive belt loose or worn Battery cable loose, corroded or worn Fuse blown Electronic voltage regulator or alternator Wiring	Adjust belt tension or replace belt Inspect cable connection, repair or replace ca- ble Check fuses Replace voltage regulator or alternator Repair or replace wiring
Overcharge	Electronic voltage regulator Voltage sensing wire	Replace voltage regulator Repair or replace wiring
Discharge	Drive belt loose or worn Wiring connection loose or short circuit Fuse blown Electronic voltage regulator or alternator Poor grounding Worn battery	Adjust belt tension or replace belt Inspect wiring connection, repair or replace wi- ring Check fuses Replace voltage regulator or alternator Inspect ground or repair Replace battery

EEB-3

Engine Electrical System

SPECIAL SERVICE TOOL

Tool (Number and name)	Illustration	Use
Alternator pulley remover wrench (09373-27000)		Removal and installation of alternator pulley



اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-5

General Information

The Micro 570 Analyzer

The Micro 570 Analyzer provides the ability to test the charging and starting systems, including the battery, starter and alternator.

Because of the possibility of personal injury, always use extreme caution and appropriate eye protection when working with batteries.





The Micro 570 button on the key pad provide the following functions :

EBKD001A



Battery Test Procedure

- 1. Connect the tester to the battery.
 - Red clamp to battery positive (+) terminal.
 - Black clamp to battery negative (-) terminal.



EBKD001C

Connect clamps securely. If "CHECK CONNECTION" message is displayed on the screen, reconnect clamps securely.

 The tester will ask if the battery is connected "IN-VEHICLE" or "OUT-OF-VEHICLE". Make your selection by pressing the arrow buttons; then press ENTER.

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-6

3. Select CCA and press the ENTER button.



SXMEE9130D

WNOTICE

CCA : Cold cranking amps, is an SAE specification for cranking batteried at -0.4° F (-18°C).

4. Set the CCA value displayed on the screen to the CCA value marked on the battery label by pressing up and down buttons and press ENTER.



EBKD001F

WNOTICE

The battery ratings(CCA) displayed on the tester must be identical to the ratings marked on battery label.

Engine Electrical System

5. The tester will conduct battery test.



SXMEE9131D

6. The tester displays battery test results including voltage and battery ratings.

Refer to the following table and take the appropriate action as recommended by the Micro 570.



SXMEE9132D

General Information

Battery Test Results

Re	sult On Printer	Remedy	
GC	OOD BATTERY	No action is required.	
GC	OOD RECHARGE	Battery is in a good state. Recharge the battery and u	JSE.
C⊦	IARGE & RETEST	 Battery is not charged prop Charge and test the bat orrect measurement val 	perly. ttery again. (Failure to charge the battery fully may read inc- lue.)
RE	PLACE BATTERY	Replace battery and rechect - Improper connection be BATTERY", retest the b e battery terminal direct	ck the charging system. etween battery and vehicle cables may cause "REPLACE pattery after removing cables and connecting the tester to th- tly prior to replacing the battery.
BA	D CELL-REPLACE	 Charge and retest the batte If the Micro 570 recommeck the charging system 	ery. mends "REPLACE BATTERY", replace the battery and rech- n.
	WARNING Whenever filing a claim for of the battery test results results	r battery, the print out nust be attached.	
7.	Starter Test Procedure After the battery test, press the starter test.	ENTER immediately for	EBKD0011 9. Cranking voltage and starter test results will be displayed on the screen. Refer to the following table and take the appropriate action as recommended by the Micro 570.
8.	Start the engine.	EBKD001H	CRANKING VOLTAGE NORMAL : 10.66V Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer
			SXMEE9133D

WWW.DIGITALKHODRO.COM

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-7

Engine Electrical System

Starter Test Results

Result On Printer	Remedy
CRANKING VOLTAGE NORM- AL	System shows a normal starter draw.
CRANKING VOLTAGE LOW	Cranking voltage is lower than normal level. - Check starter.
CHARGE BATTERY	The state of battery charge is too low to test. - Charge the battery and retest.
REPLACE BATTERY	 Replace battery. If the vehicle is not started though the battery condition of "GOOD BATTERY" is displayed, check wiring for open circuit, battery cable connection, starter and repair or replace as necessary. If the engine does crank, check fuel system.

WNOTICE

When testing the vehicle with old diesel engines, the test result will not be favorable if the glow plug is not heated. Conduct the test after warming up the engine for 5 minutes. ALT VOLTS : 13.94V ENTER TO CONT ... **Charging System Test Procedure** 10. Press ENTER to begin charging system test. Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer PRESS ENTER FOR EBKD001L CHARGING TEST 12. Turn off all electrical load and rev engine for 5 seconds with pressing the accelerator pedal. (Follow Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer the instructions on the screen)

EBKD001K

11. The tester displays the actual voltage of alternator. Press ENTER to continue.



EBKD001M

021 62 99 92 92

General Information

INCREASE REV

Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer

E	EE	3- 9
)-3

14. If the engine RPM is not detected, press ENTER after revving engine.



SXMEE9137D

- 15. The tester will conduct charging system test during loads off.
- HOLD REV Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer ***TESTING*** ENGINE AT IDLE Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer SXMEE9135D 13. The message that engine RPM is detected will be displayed on the screen. Press ENTER to continue.

SXMEE9134D



SXMEE9136D



SXMEE9138D

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-10

16. Turn on electrical loads (air conditioner, lamps, audio and etc). Press ENTER to continue.



SXMEE9139D

SXMEE9140D

17. The tester will conduct charging system test during loads on.

TESTING LOADS ON AT IDLE

Battery/Starting/Charging System Analyzer



18. Rev engine for 5 seconds with pressing the accelerator pedal. (Follow the instructions on the screen)



021 62 99 92 92

General Information

EEB-11

22. Charging voltage and charging system test results

will be displayed on the screen.

19. The message that engine RPM is detected will be displayed on the screen. Press ENTER to continue.



Engine Electrical System

Charging System Test Results

Result On Printer	Remedy
CHARGING SYSTEM NORM- AL / DIODE RIPPLE NORMAL	Charging system is normal.
NO CHARGING VOLTAGE	 Alternator does not supply charging current to battery. Check belts, connection between alternator and battery and replace belts or cable or alternator as necessary.
LOW CHARGING VOLTAGE	Alternator does not supply charging current to battery and electrical load to system fully. - Check belts and alternator and replace as necessary.
HIGH CHARGING VOLTAGE	 The voltage from alternator to battery is higher than normal limit during voltage regulating. Check connection and ground and replace regulator as necessary. Check electrolyte level in the battery
EXCESS RIPPLE DETECTED	One or more diodes in the alternator is not functioning properly. - Check alternator mounting and belts and replace as necessary.

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

Charging System

EEB-13

Charging System DESCRIPTION

The charging system included a battery, an alternator with a built-in regulator, and the charging indicator light and wire.

The Alternator has eight built-in diodes, each rectifying AC current to DC current.

Therefore, DC current appears at alternator "B" terminal.

In addition, the charging voltage of this alternator is regulated by the battery voltage detection system.

The alternator is regulated by the battery voltage detection system. The main components of the alternator are the rotor, stator, rectifier, capacitor brushes, bearings and V-ribbed belt pulley. The brush holder contains a built-in electronic voltage regulator.

یب در مسلمانه (مسلمانت محدود

ه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

ON-VEHICLE INPECTION

- Check that the battery cables are connected to the correct terminals.
- Disconnect the battery cables when the battery is given a quick charge.
- Never disconnect the battery while the engine is running.

CHECK THE BATTERY TERMINALS AND FUSES

- 1. Check that the battery terminals are not loose or corroded.
- 2. Check the fuses for continuity.

VISUALLY CHECK ALTERNATOR WIRING AND LISTEN FOR ABNORMAL NOISES

- 1. Check that the wiring is in good condition.
- 2. Check that there is no abnormal noise from the alternator while the engine is running.

CHECK DISCHARGE WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT

- 1. Warm up the engine and then turn it off.
- 2. Turn off all accessories.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch "ON". Check that the
- discharge warning light is lit.
- 4. Start the engine. Check that the light is lit.
 - If the light does not go off as specified, troubleshoot the discharge light circuit.

INSPECT CHARGING SYSTEM

VOLTAGE DROP TEST OF ALTERNATOR OUTPUT WIRE

This test determines whether or not the wiring between the alternator "B" terminal and the battery (+) terminal is good by the voltage drop method.

PREPARATION

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to "OFF".
- Disconnect the output wire from the alternator "B" terminal. Connect the (+) lead wire of ammeter to the "B" terminal of alternator and the (-) lead wire of ammeter to the output wire. Connect the (+) lead wire of voltmeter to the "B" terminal of alternator and the (-) lead wire of voltmeter to the (+) terminal of battery.



TEST

- 1. Start the engine.
- Turn on the headlamps and blower motor, and set the engine speed until the ammeter indicates 20A.

And then, read the voltmeter at this time.

RESULT

1. The voltmeter may indicate the standard value.

Standard value : 0.2V max

- If the value of the voltmeter is higher than expected (above 0.2V max.), poor wiring is suspected. In this case check th e wiring from the alternator "B" terminal to the battery (+) terminal. Check for loose connections, color change due to an over-heated harness, etc. Correct them before testing again.
- 3. Upon completion of the test, set the engine speed at idle.

Turn off the headlamps, blower motor and the ignition switch.

Engine Electrical System

OUTPUT CURRENT TEST

This test determines whether or not the alternator gives an output current that is equivalent to the normal output.

PREPARATION

1. Prior to the test, check the following items and correct as necessary.

Check the battery installed in the vehicle to ensure that it is good condition. The battery checking method is described in the section "Battery".

The battery that is used to test the output current should be one that has been partially discharged. With a fully charged battery, the test may not be conducted correctly due to an insufficient load.

Check the tension of the alternator drive belt. The belt tension check method is described in the section "Inspect drive belt".

- 2. Turn off the ignition switch.
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
- 4. Disconnect the alternator output wire from the alternator "B" terminal.
- 5. Connect a DC ammeter (0 to 150A) in series between the "B" terminal and the disconnected output wire. Be sure to connect the (-) lead wire of the ammeter to the disconnected output wire.

WNOTICE

Tighten each connection securely, as a heavy current will flow. Do not rely on clips.

- 6. Connect a voltmeter (0 to 20V) between the "B" terminal and ground. Connect the (+) lead wire to the alternator "B" terminal and (-) lead wire to a good ground.
- 7. Attach an engine tachometer and connect the battery ground cable.
- 8. Leave the engine hood open.



SEDE27100L

Charging System

EEB-15

TEST

- Check to see that the voltmeter reads as the same value as the battery voltage. If the voltmeter reads 0V, and the open circuit in the wire between alternator "B" terminal and battery (+) terminal or poor grounding is suspected.
- 2. Start the engine and turn on the headlamps.
- 3. Set the headlamps to high beam and the heater blower switch to HIGH, quickly increase the engine speed to 2,500 rpm and read the maximum output current value indicated by the ammeter.

WNOTICE

After the engine start up, the charging current quickly drops. Therefore, the above operation must be done quickly to read the maximum current value correctly.

RESULT

1. The ammeter reading must be higher than the limit value. If it is lower but the alternator output wire is in good condition, remove the alternator from the vehicle and test it.

Limit value (120A alternator) : 60A min.

WNOTICE

- The nominal output current value is shown on the nameplate affixed to the alternator body.
- The output current value changes with the electrical load and the temperature of the alternator itself.

Therefore, the nominal output current may not be obtained. If such is the case, keep the headlamps on the cause discharge of the battery, or use the lights of another vehicle to increase the electrical load.

The nominal output current may not be obtained if the temperature of the alternator itself or ambient temperature is too high. In such a case, reduce the temperature before testing again.

- 2. Upon completion of the output current test, lower the engine speed to idle and turn off the ignition switch.
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
- 4. Remove the ammeter and voltmeter and the engine tachometer.
- 5. Connect the alternator output wire to the alternator "B" terminal.
- 6. Connect the battery ground cable.

REGULATED VOLTAGE TEST

The purpose of this test is to check that the electronic voltage regulator controls voltage correctly.

PREPARATION

1. Prior to the test, check the following items and correct if necessary.

Check that the battery installed on the vehicle is fully charged. The battery checking method is described in the section "Battery".

Check the alternator drive belt tension. The belt tension check method is described in the section "Inspect drive belt".

- 2. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
- Connect a digital voltmeter between the "B" terminal of the alternator and ground. Connect the (+) lead of the voltmeter to the "B" terminal of the alternator. Connect the (-) lead to good ground or the battery (-) terminal.
- 5. Disconnect the alternator output wire from the alternator "B" terminal.

 Connect a DC ammeter (0 to 150A) in series between the "B" terminal and the disconnected output wire.

Connect the (-) lead wire of the ammeter to the disconnected output wire.

7. Attach the engine tachometer and connect the battery ground cable.



SEDE27100L

EEB-16

Engine Electrical System

TEST

1. Turn on the ignition switch and check to see that the voltmeter indicates the following value.

Voltage: Battery voltage

If it reads 0V, there is an open circuit in the wire between the alternator "B" terminal and the battery and the battery (-) terminal.

- 2. Start the engine. Keep all lights and accessories off.
- 3. Run the engine at a speed of about 2,500 rpm and read the voltmeter when the alternator output current drops to 10A or less

RESULT

- 1. If the voltmeter reading dosen't agree with the standard value, the voltage regulator or the alternator is faulty.
- 2. Upon completion of the test, reduce the engine speed to idle, and turn off the ignition switch.
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground cable.
- 4. Remove the voltmeter and ammeter and the engine tachometer.
- 5. Connect the alternator output wire to the alternator "B" terminal.
- 6. Connect the battery ground cable.

اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران



Charging System

Alternator

COMPONENTS



- 6. Cover

SEDE27001L

WWW.DIGITALKHODRO.COM

2. Front housing complete

3. Rotor assembly

021 62 99 92 92



EEB-17

6)

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-18

REPLACEMENT

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal first, then the positive terminal.
- 2. Using the hexagon wrench, turn the tensioner conterclockwise, then remove the drive belt.



LCGF149A

3. Disconnect the alternator connector(A), and remove the cable(B) from alternator "B" terminal.



LCGF119A

Engine Electrical System

4. Remove the alternator(A).

Tightening torque :

 $38.2 \simeq 58.8 \text{N.m}$ (3.9 \sim 6.0kgf.m, 28.2 \sim 43.4lbf.ft)



LCGF005A

5. Installation is the reverse order of removal.



EEB-19

021 62 99 92 92

Charging System

DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the B terminal mounting nut(A) and rear cover nut(B).



LCGF120A

2. Remove the alternator cover(A) using a screw driver(B).



SUNEE6001D

3. Loosen the mounting bolts(A) and disconnect the brush holder assembly(B).



SUNEE6002D

4. Remove the slip ring guide(A).



SUNEE6003D

EEB-20

5. Remove the pulley(A) using the special tool.



6. Unsolder the 3 stator leads(A).

Engine Electrical System

7. Loosen the 4 through bolts(A).



SUNEE6005D

8. Disconnect the rotor(A) and cover(B).



LCGF121A

SHDEB6002D

SUNEE6006D

9. Reassembly is the reverse order of disassembly.

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-21

Charging System

INSPECTION

ROTOR

1. Check that there is continuity between the slip rings(A).



LBGF009A

- 2. Check that there is no continuity between the slip rings and the rotor(B) or rotor shaft(C).
- 3. If the rotor fails either continuity check, replace the alternator.

STATOR

1. Check that there is continuity between each pair of leads(A).



EBKD008B

- 2. Check that there is no continuity between each lead and the coil core.
- 3. If the coil fails either continuity check, replace the alternator.

سرخت دیجیتال خودرو شامانه (مسئولیت محدود

اولین سامان<mark>ه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایرا</mark>ن

EEB-22

Engine Electrical System

Battery

COMPONENTS



Tightening torque N.m (kgf.m, lb-ft)

Battery insulation pad
 Battery

- 3. Battery tray
- 4. Battery mounting braket

SFDEE8002L

Charging System

DESCRIPTION

- 1. The maintenance-free battery is, as the name implies, totally maintenance free and has no removable battery cell caps.
- 2. Water never needs to be added to the maintenance-free battery.
- 3. The battery is completely sealed, except for small vent holes in the cover.



اولین سامانه دیجیتال تعمیرکاران خودرو در ایران

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-23

Engine Electrical System

Inspection Battery Diagnostic Flow



SXMEE9150L

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-25

Charging System

Vehicle parasitic current inspection

- 1. Turn the all electric devices OFF, and then turn the ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Close all doors except the engine hood, and then lock all doors.
 - 1) Disconnect the hood switch connector.
 - 2) Close the trunk lid.
 - 3) Close the doors or remove the door switches.
- 3. Wait a few minutes until the vehicle's electrical systems go to sleep mode.

For an accurate measurement of a vehicle parasitic current, all electriacl systems should go to sleep mode. (It takes at least one hour or at most one day.) However, an approximate vehicle parasitic current can be measured after 10~20 minutes.

4. Connect an ammeter in series between the battery (-) terminal and the ground cable, and then disconnect the clamp from the battery (-) terminal slowly.

Be careful that the lead wires of an ammeter do not come off from the battery (-) terminal and the ground cable to prevent the battery from being reset. In case the battery is reset, connect the battery cable again, and then start the engine or turn the ignition switch ON for more than 10 sec. Repeat the procedure from No. 1.

To prevent the battery from being reset during the inspection,

- a. Connect a jump cable between the battery (-) terminal and the ground cable.
- b. Disconnect the ground cable from the battery (-) terminal.
- c. Connect an ammeter between the battery (-) terminal and the ground cable.
- d. After disconnecting the jump cable, read the current value of the ammeter.



SVQEE0002L

- 5. Read the current value of the ammeter.
 - If the parasitic current is over the limit value, search for abnormal circuit by removing a fuse one by one and checking the parasitic current.
 - Check the parasitic current again, and search for suspected unit by removing a unit connected with the abnormal circuit one by one.



EEB-26

CLEANING

- 1. Make sure the ignition switch and all accessories are in the OFF position.
- 2. Disconnect the battery cables (negative first).
- 3. Remove the battery from the vehicle.

Care should be taken in the event the battery case is cracked or leaking, to protect your skin from the electrolyte.

Heavy rubber gloves (not the household type) should be wore when removing the battery.



حود و سامانه (مسئولیت محدود) EBJD008B

- 4. Inspect the battery tray for damage caused by the loss of electrolyte. If acid damage is present, it will be necessary to clean the area with a solution of clean warm water and baking soda. Scrub the area with a stiff brush and wipe off with a cloth moistened with baking soda and water.
- 5. Clean the top of the battery with the same solution as described above.
- 6. Inspect the battery case and cover for cracks. If cracks are present, the battery must be replaced.

Engine Electrical System

- 7. Clean the battery posts with a suitable battery post tool.
- Clean the inside surface of the terminal clamps with a suitable battery cleaning tool. Replace damaged or frayed cables and broken terminal clamps.
- 9. Install the battery in the vehicle.
- 10.Connect the cable terminals to the battery post, making sure tops of the terminals are flush with the tops of the posts.
- 11. Tighten the terminal nuts securely.
- 12. Coat all connections with light mineral grease after tightening.

When batteries are being charged, an explosive gas forms beneath the cover of each cell. Do not smoke near batteries being charged or which have recently been charged. Do not break live circuit at the terminals of batteries being charged.

A spark will occur when the circuit is broken. Keep open flames away from battery.



EBJD008A

Starting System

EEB-27

Starting System DESCRIPTION

The starting system includes the battery, starter, solenoid switch, ignition switch, ignition lock switch, connection wires and the battery cable.

When the ignition key is turned to the start position, current flows and energizes the starter motor's solenoid coil.

The solenoid plunger and clutch shift lever are activated, and the clutch pinion engages the ring gear.

The contacts close and the starter motor cranks. In order to prevent damage caused by excessive rotation of the starter armature when the engine starts, the clutch pinion gear overruns.

TROUBLESHOOTING STARTER CIRCUIT

The battery must be in good condition and fully charged.1. Remove the fuel pump relay(A) from the fuse box.



SHDEB6004D

2. With the shift lever in N or P (A/T) or clutch pedal pressed (M/T), turn the ignition switch to "START"

If the starter normally cranks the engine, starting system is OK. If the starter will not crank the engine at all, go to next step.

If it won't disengage from the ring gear when you release key, check for the following until you find the cause.

- Solenoid plunger and switch malfunction.
- Dirty pinion gear or damaged overrunning clutch.
- 3. Check the battery condition. Check electrical connections at the battery, battery negative cable connected to the body, engine ground cables, and the starter for looseness and corrosion. Then try starting the engine again.

If the starter cranks normally the engine, repairing the loose connection repaired the problem. The starting system is now OK.

If the starter still does not crank the engine, go to next step.

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-28

4. Disconnect the connector from the S-terminal of solenoid. Connect a jumper wire from the B-terminal of solenoid to the S-terminal of solenoid.

If the starter cranks the engine, go to next step. If the starter still does not crank the engine, remove the starter, and repair or replace as necessary.

- 5. Check the following items in the order listed until you find the open circuit.
 - Check the wire and connectors between the driver's under-dash fuse/relay box and the ignition switch, and between the driver's under-dash fuse/relay box and the starter.
 - Check the ignition switch (Refer to BE group ignition system)
 - Check the transaxle range switch connector or ignition lock switch connector.
 - · Inspect the starter relay.

Engine Electrical System

STATER SOLENOID TEST

- 1. Disconnect the field coil wire from the M-terminal of solenoid switch.
- 2. Connect a 12V battery between S-terminal and the starter body.



BBGE004A

3. Connect the field coil wire to the M-terminal.

This test must be performed quickly (in less than 10 seconds) to prevent the coil from burning.

 If the pinion moves out, the pull-in coil of solenoid is working properly.

If the pinion does not move, replace the solenoid.

- 5. Diconnect the field coil wire from the M-terminal.
- 6. If the pinion has moved out, the hold-in coil of the solenoid is working properly.

If the pinion moves in, replace the solenoid.

Starting System

FREE RUNNING TEST

- 1. Place the starter motor in a vise equipped with soft jaws and connect a fully-charged 12-volt battery to starter motor as follows.
- 2. Connect a test ammeter (100-ampere scale) and carbon pile rheostats shown is the illustration.
- 3. Connect a voltmeter (15-volt scale) across starter motor.





- reads 11volts.
- 7. Confirm that the maximum amperage is within the specifications and that the starter motor turns smoothly and freely.

Current : 90A max Speed : 2,600 rpm



EEB-29

021 62 99 92 92

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-30

Engine Electrical System

Starter

COMPONENTS



5. Spring washer

- 9. Stopper
- 10. Overrunning clutch

SEDE27003L

WWW.DIGITALKHODRO.COM

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-31

Starting System

REPLACEMENT

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative cable.
- Disconnect the starter cable(A) from the B terminal on the solenoid then disconnect the connector(B) from the S terminal.



LCGF122A TROQUE : 38.2 ~ 58.8 Nm (3.9 ~ 6.0 kgf.m, 28.2 ~ 43.4 lb-ft)

- 3. Remove the 2 bolts holding the starter, then remove the starter.
- 4. Installation is the reverse of removal.
- 5. Connect the battery negative cable to the battery.

عيتال تعميركاران خودرو در ايران

DISASSEMBLY

1. Disconnect the M-terminal(A) on the magnet switch assembly(B).



EBKD011C

2. After loosening the 2 screws(A), detach the magnet switch assembly(B).



LBGF015A

EEB-32

3. Loosen the brush holder mounting screw(A) and through bolts(B).

В



LBGF016A

4. Remove the rear bracket(A) and brush holder assembly(B).

- **Engine Electrical System**
- 6. Remove the lever plate(A) and planet shaft packing(B).



EBKD011H

7. Disconnect the planet gear(A).



LBGF017A
 Remove the yoke(A) and armature(B).



LBGF018A

EBKD011I

8. Disconnect the planet shaft assembly(A) and lever(B).



EBKD011J

021 62 99 92 92

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-33

Starting System

9. Press the stop ring(A) using a socket(B).



EBKD011K

10. After removing the stopper(A) using stopper pliers(B).

B

11.Disconnect the stop ring(A), overrunning clutch(B), internal gear(C) and planet shaft(D).



LBGF024A

LBGF025A

12. Reassembly is the reverse of disassembly.

WNOTICE

Using a suitable pulling tool(A), pull the overrunning clutch stop ring(B) over the stopper(C).

B

EBKD011L

EEB-34

INSPECTION ARMATURE

- 1. Remove the starter.
- 2. Disassemble the starter as shown at the beginning of this procedure.
- 3. Inspect the armature for wear or damage from contact with the permanent magnet. If there is wear or damage, replace the armature.



 Check the commutator(A) surface. If the surface is dirty or burnt, resurface with emery cloth or a lathe within the following specifications, or recondition with #500 or #600 sandpaper(B).



LBGF027A

LBGF026A

Engine Electrical System

5. Check the commutator diameter. If the diameter is below the service limit, replace the armature.

Commutator diameter Standard (New) : 29.4 mm (1.1575 in)



LBGF028A

- 6. Measure the commutator(A) runout.
 - If the commutator runout is within the service limit, check the commutator for carbon dust or brass chips between the segments.
 - If the commutator run out is not within the service limit, replace the armature.

Commutator runout

Standard (New) : 0.02mm (0.0008in.) max Service limit : 0.05mm (0.0020in.)



LBGF029A

EEB-35

021 62 99 92 92

Starting System

 Check the mica depth(A). If the mica is too high(B), undercut the mica with a hacksaw blade to the proper depth. Cut away all the mica(C) between the commutator segments. The undercut should not be too shallow, too narrow, or v-shaped(D).

Commutator mica depth Standard (New) : 0.5 mm (0.0197 in.) Limit : 0.2mm (0.0079 in.)



8. Check for continuity between the segments of the commutator. If an open circuit exists between any segments, replace the armature.



LBGF031A

LBGF030A

 Check with an ohmmeter that no continuity exists between the commutator(A) and armature coil core(B), and between the commutator and armature shaft(C). If continuity exists, replace the armature.



EBKD012G



INSPECT STARTER BRUSH

Brushes that are worm out, or oil-soaked, should be replaced.



LBGF033A

STARTER BRUSH HOLDER

Check that there is no continuity between the (+) brush holder(A) and (-) brush holder(B). If there is no continuity, replace the brush holder assembly.



EBBD330A

Engine Electrical System

OVERRUNNING CLUTCH

- 1. Slide the overrunning clutch along the shaft. Replace it if does not slide smoothly.
- 2. Rotate the overrunning clutch both ways.
 - Does it lock in one direction and rotate smoothly in reverse? If it does not lock in either direction of it locks in both directions, replace it.



LBGF034A

3. If the starter drive gear is worn or damaged, replace the overrunning clutch assembly. (the gear is not available separately)

Check the condition of the flywheel or torque converter ring gear if the starter drive gear teeth are damaged.

CLEANING

1. Do not immerse parts in cleaning solvent.

Immersing the yoke assembly and/or armature will damage the insulation wipe these parts with a cloth only.

2. Do not immerse the drive unit in cleaning solvent.

The overrun clutch is pre-lubricated at the factory and sol-vent will wash lubrication from the clutch.

3. The drive unit may be cleaned with a brush moistened with cleaning solvent and wiped dry with a cloth.

Starting System

Starter Relay

INSPECTION

- 1. Remove the fuse box cover.
- 2. Remove the starter relay(A).



SHDM26001D

3. Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between each terminal.

Terminal	Continuity
30 - 87	NO
85 - 86	VES YES

4. Apply 12V to terminal 85 and ground to terminal 86. Check for continuity between terminals 30 and 87.



LDAD510B

- 5. If there is no continuity, replace the starter relay.
- 6. Install the starter relay.
- 7. Install the fuse box cover.



EEB-37

WWW.DIGITALKHODRO.COM

021 62 99 92 92

Engine Electrical System

Preheating System COMPONENTS



TORQUE : N.m(kgf.m, lbf.ft)

- 1. Glow plug connector
- 2. Glow plug plate

3. Glow plug

LCGF123A

021 62 99 92 92

EEB-39

Preheating System

INSPECTION PREHEATING SYSTEM

Conditions before inspection :

Battery voltage : 12V

Cooling water temperature : Below 30 ℃ (86°F)

(Disconnect the water temperature sensor connector).

Reconnect the water temperature sensor connector after inspection.

- 1. Connect voltmeter between glow plug plate and plug body (ground).
- 2. Check indicated value on voltmeter with ignition switch ON.
- Check that preheat indication lamp lights for about 6 seconds and indicates battery voltage (about 9V or over) for about 36 seconds immediately after ignition switch is turned on. [At cooling water temperature 20°C (68.0°F)]

WNOTICE

Continuity time varies depending upon cooling water temperature.

- 4. After checking 3, set ignition switch at START position.
- The system is normal if battery voltage (about 9V or over) is generated for about 6 seconds during engine cranking and after start operation. [at cooling water temperature 20°C (68.0°F)]
- 6. When the voltage or continuity time is not normal, check the terminal voltage in glow control unit, and single parts.



EBKD300O

GLOW PLUG

1. Check the continuity between the terminal and body as illustrated. Replace if discontinuity or with large resistance.

Standard value : 0.25Ω

Remove oil from plug before measuring as glowplug resistance is very small.

- 2. Check for rust on glow plug plate.
- 3. Check glow plug for damage.



021 62 99 92 92

EEB-40

Engine Electrical System

GLOW PLUG RELAY

- 1. Remove the glow plug relay.
- 2. Inspect the relay continuity.
 - Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 2 and 4.
 - If there is no continuity, replace the relay.
 - Check that there is no continuity between terminals 1 and 5.

If there is continuity, replace the relay.



- 3. Inspect the relay operation.
 - Apply battery positive voltage across terminals 2 and 4.
 - Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 1 and 5.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.



LBGF036A

4. Install the glow plug relay.

